



OLIF as a Revision Solution Following Posterior Lumbar Decompression Surgery

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Background and Objectives

Background

- **Revision surgery following a posterior lumbar decompression is challenging** and at risk of complications, especially through the previous posterior approach.
- **Revision surgery with the lateral approach can be an effective** and safe procedure for this condition

Objectives

- To **evaluate the clinical, radiographic outcomes, and complications following OLIF, when performed as revision method** in patients who had previously undergone posterior lumbar decompression surgery

Methods

- Retrospective study



Included Subjects

- Revision surgery with OLIF at the same level after posterior lumbar decompression
- December 2014 to March 2021
- Complete follow-up data for at least 1 year

Outcome Variables



- Visual analog scale of back (VASB) and leg pain (VASL)
- Plain radiograph and computed tomography (CT) scan
 - Disc height, foraminal height, segmental angle, lumbar lordosis, cage subsidence, and bony fusion grading
- Perioperative complications

Results

Demographic data

Characteristics	N = 24 (25 levels)
Male/female ratio	11/13
Age (years)	70.4±7.3
Body mass index (kg/m ²)	25.8±2.2
Charlson Comorbidity Index (CCI)	0.7±0.9
Current smoking status (Yes:No)	1:23
Mean follow up period (months)	28.1±21.2
Duration of symptom (months)	10.1±4.9
Prior operation level, N (%)	
L2-3	1
L3-4	7
L4-5	16
L5-S1	1
Type of prior decompression surgery	
Discectomy	5
Unilateral laminectomy (or laminotomy)	9
Bilateral laminectomy (or laminotomy)	11

Clinical and radiographic outcomes

	Preoperative	Postoperative	P-value*
VAS for back pain	6.2±2.1	1.3±1.8	< 0.005
VAS for leg pain	7.4±1.2	1.3±2.0	< 0.005
DH-A	9.4±4.2	15.0±3.3	< 0.005
DH-M	6.9±3.1	11.5±2.4	< 0.005
DH-P	4.7±2.5	7.4±2.0	< 0.005
FH	13.7±3.6	17.4±3.3	< 0.005
SL	12.1±7.4	18.0±8.1	< 0.005
LL	37.3±15.7	46.5±11.9	< 0.005

†Abbreviations : DH-A, M, P (Disc height anterior, middle, posterior); FH (Foraminal height); SL (Segmental lordosis); LL (Lumbar lordosis)

‡All results included in the table were expressed as mean±SD

Results

Additional outcomes and complications

Outcomes	N = 24 (25 levels)
Postoperative length of stay (days)	10.1
Cage subsidence	
> 2mm	5
< 2mm	10
Fusion grading	
I	15
II	10
III	0
IV	0
Complication	
Sympathetic chain injury-related symptoms	2
Intraoperative (dural tear, nerve root injury, etc.)	0
Wound-related (infection, dehiscence, etc.)	0
ASD during F/U period	1
Fusion failure	0

† Abbreviations : ASD (Adjacent segment degeneration)

‡ All results included in the table were expressed as mean±SD



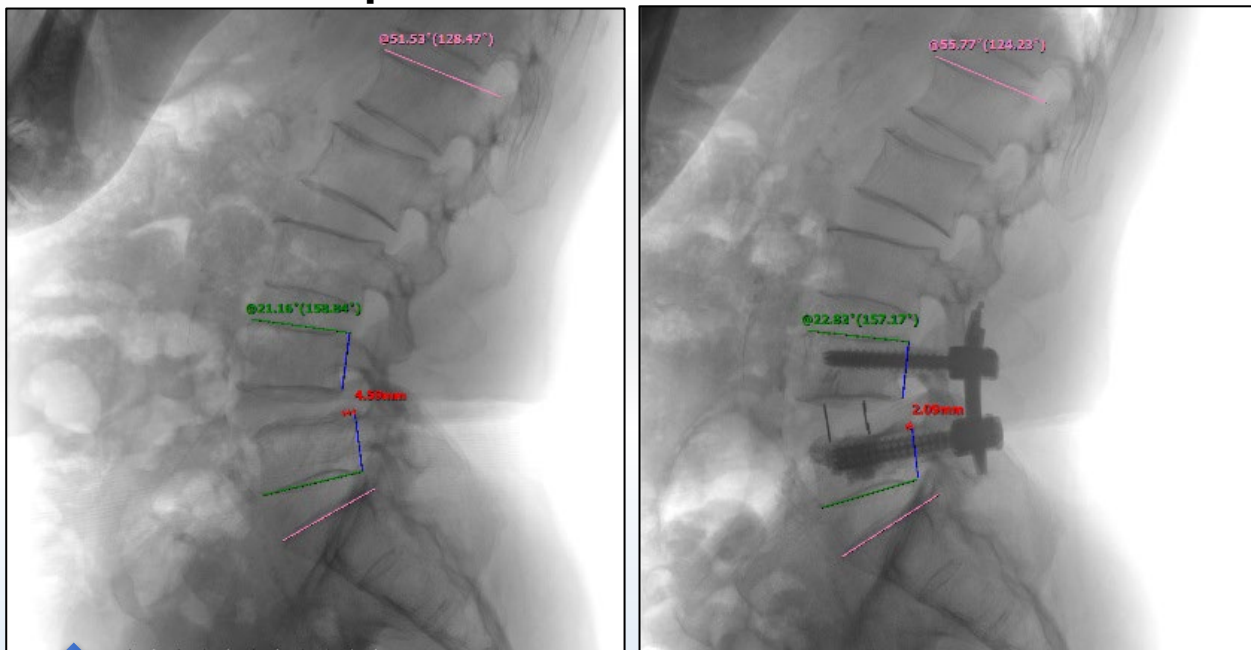
M/78; Failed Back Surgery Syndrome; S/P Hemilaminectomy Lt. L4-5, 12 yrs ago Revision with OLIF L4-5 with PPS

(MRI) Foraminal decompression and cross-sectional area expansion indirectly by effect of ligamentotaxis after OLIF



Preop.

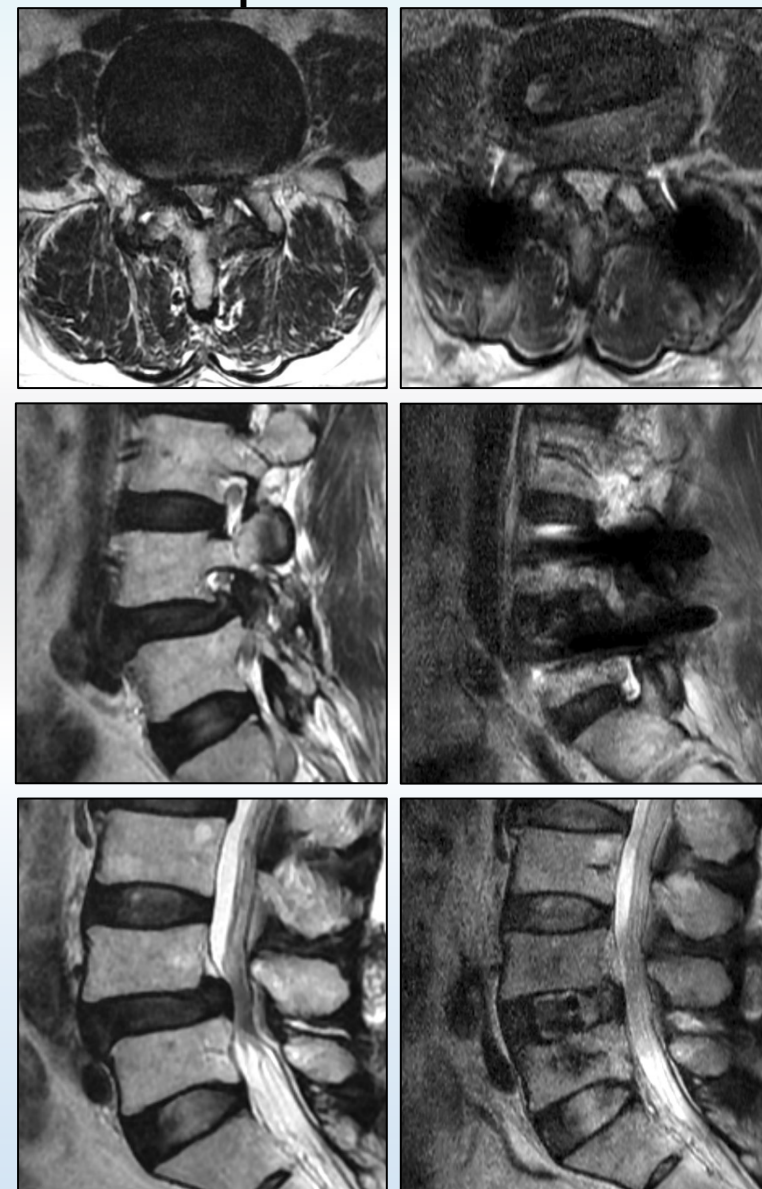
After OLIF



Improvement of segmental angle, lumbar lordosis and partial reduction of spondylolisthesis

Preop.

After OLIF



Discussion

- **Revision surgery with OLIF** significantly improved clinical and radiographic outcomes for patients with previous posterior lumbar decompression surgery, with low complications.
- Advantages included minimal blood loss, short hospital stay, low complications, and high fusion rates.
- **Further comparative studies** with conventional revision surgery are required.

Conclusion



OLIF can be performed as an **effective and safe minimally invasive procedure for revision surgery** in patients who previously underwent posterior lumbar decompression surgery.

Thank you

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